CONTENT:

- 1. Essentially the concepts are the same.
- a. High School Algebra II is on the introductory level
- b. College Algebra builds on the presumed proficiency level of High School Algebra II
- 2. Differences occur in length and depth of instruction
- a. composite and inverse functions taught only one day in High School
- b. definition of functions, etc, taught for weeks in High School

EXPECTATIONS:

- 1. Group work (High School) vs. Independent work (Post Secondary)
- 2. Learning is a self-monitoring process in college.
- 3. High School Teacher responsibility
- a. Limited failure rate
- b. Documentation for parent contact, grades, failure rates, tutoring, absences, tardies, disciplinary referrals, etc.
- c. Risk of disciplinary action for non-compliance
- d. Primary responsibility of learning lies with the teacher and not the student (e.g., state mandated test scores, student success rates, di
- e. Mandated number of grades per student per grading period
- 4. College Instructor responsibility
- a. Required to adhere to departmental course description
- b. Guideline of grade evaluation to follow (typically: 15% non-proctored and 85% proctored)
- c. Relevant lectures with accurate, current data
- d. Standardized course content within confines of academic freedom
- e. Primary responsibility of learning lies with the adult student and not the instructor
- 5. High School is teacher lead learning
- a. Daily and personal interaction with students
- b. Smaller class sizes (for the most part)
- c. Lessons are not lectured based
- d. Students required to do class work in groups
- e. All learning styles must be addressed in lesson delivery
- f. Accommodations for individual situations (e.g., pregnancy, special education, illness, absences, etc.)
- g. Required to provide hard copy of all documents to students
- 6. College students are primarily responsible for their own learning
- a. Lecture format
- b. Independent study
- c. Textbook reading required
- d. Investigative learning use of online resources (e.g., MyMathLab, MyLabsPlus, ALEKS, Web Assign, etc.)
- e. In depth class discussion on outside class preparation
- f. Variety of student learning resources (Math Lab, tutoring, etc.)
- g. All documents and materials provided online (e.g., syllabi)